10th Student Symposium on Mechanical and Manufacturing Engineering, 2022

Automatic Steering Wheel System for Tractors

Damian K. Cieplak, Daniel Teijeiro Riveiro, Kasper H. Berthelsen and Mads G. Andersen Department of Materials and Production, Aalborg University, DK

1. Introduction

This project is part of a LeadEng collaboration between three master programs from the **Department of Materials and** Production and the Energy Department. The involved masters were Electro-mechanical System Design (EMSD), Mechatronic **Control Engineering (MCE)** and **Power Electronics And Drives** (PDE).

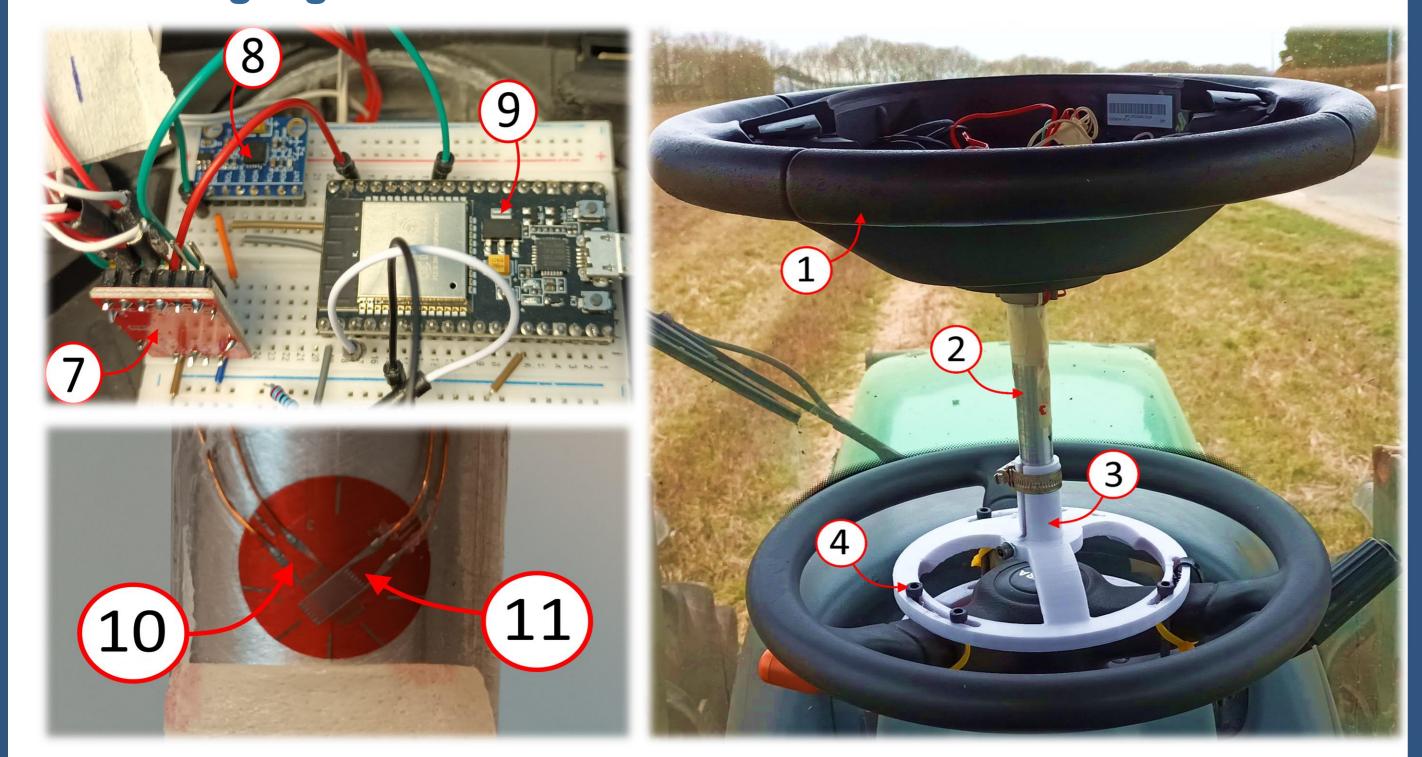
3. Design

Before the design phase, multiple concepts have been developed, for which evaluation lead to generation of solutions, whose assessment produced the final **solution**. The final solution then proceeded to the design phase.

The main **objective** of this project is **designing and testing of the** mechanical part of an automatic steering wheel system, whereas the design is the dominant and most comprehensive part of the project. The key motivation for doing this is utilizing obtained engineering expertise to create a new product, as well as attaining a greater experience in design and creation of a product.

2. Test Setup

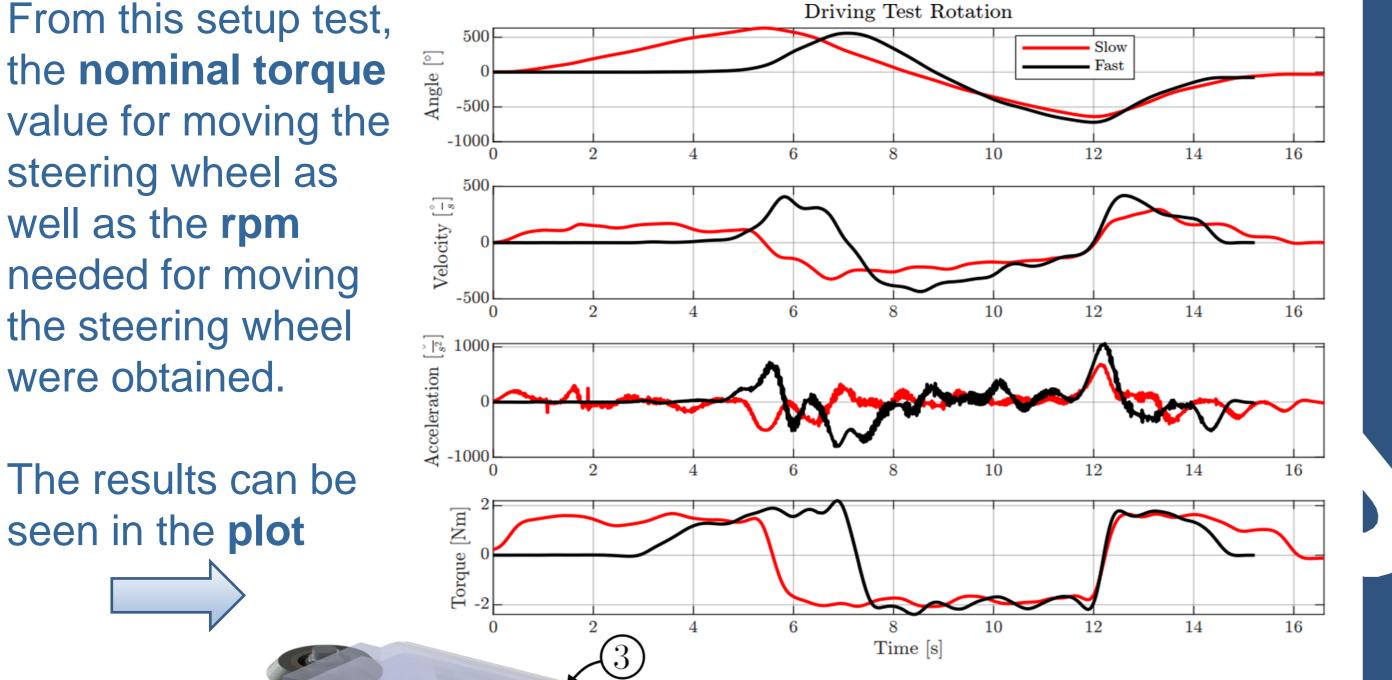
For measuring the torque in a real tractor without damaging the steering wheel or the column, another steering wheel was clamped onto it, to measure the torque when driving and parked, with the use of strain gauges.



The design is split into design of the gearing, clutch mechanism, shaft and **fixture**. The fixture couples all the parts together, and consists of; a casing, which allows for transmission of the mechanical torque from the motor through the gears, clutch and bevel gear to the steering wheel; a stationary mounting, which anchors the system to the steering column; and a **connecting part**, which connects the stationary mounting and the casing together. Each design was conducted with necessary calculations and considerations in mind.

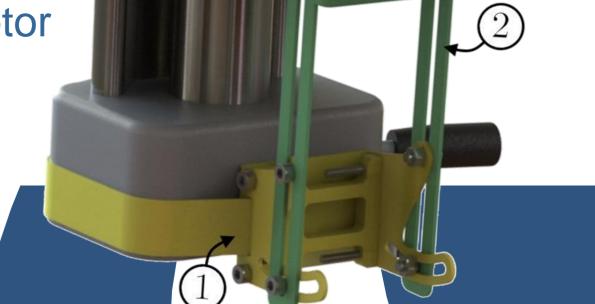
Finally, for validating the design, several **ANSYS simulations** were ran, in order to guarantee the robustness of some of the most relevant components. What is more, the final design was analyzed in terms of production and **economics**, from where it was deduced that the gears are the most expensive components, which is due to the

From this setup test, the **nominal torque** value for moving the steering wheel as well as the **rpm** needed for moving the steering wheel were obtained.



specific addendum modification of the motor gear.

4. Conclusions

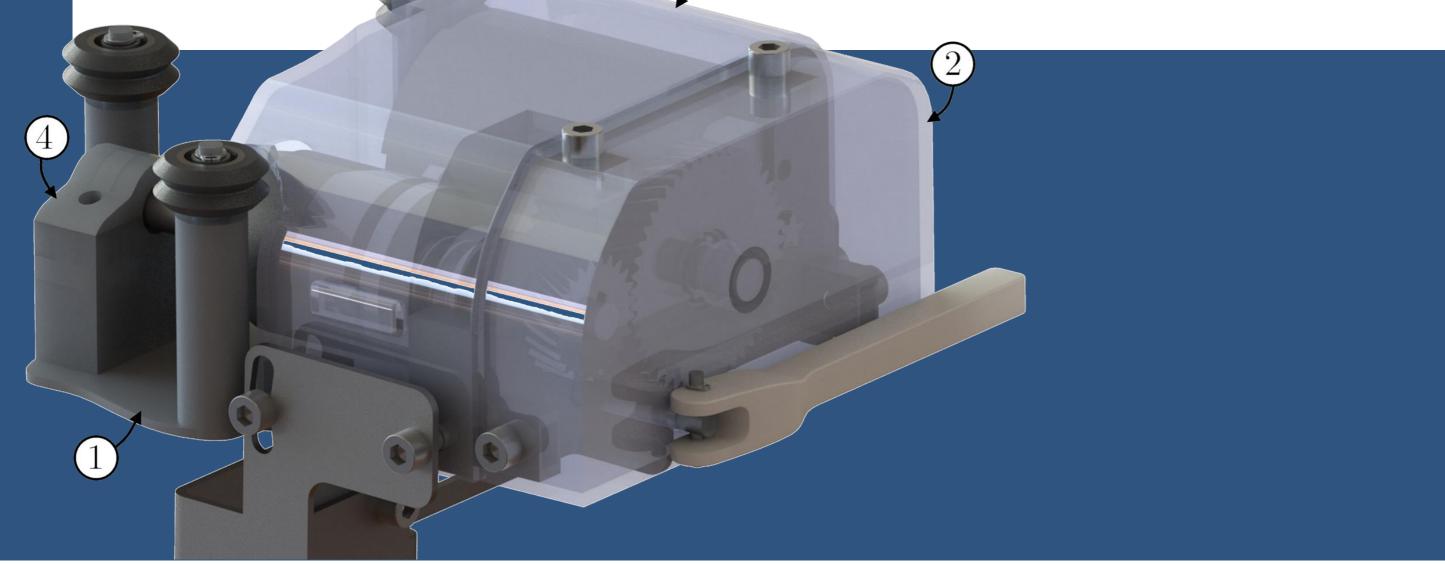


(3)

A prototype has been manufactured and tested, which served as a way to examine the functionality and feasibility of the design. There, it has been demonstrated that most of the system **functionality** seemed **valid**, although some validity was limited.

Whereas the major flaws of the system appear to be the shifter mechanism and the provided motor. In the end, it can be concluded that the **objective has been mostly achieved**, as the design has been proven to be **feasible** to a large extent, except for the aforementioned flaws and other minor shortcomings.





The authors of this work gratefully acknowledge Grundfos for sponsoring the 10th MechMan Symposium



Department of Materials and Production www.mp.aau.dk

GRUNDFOS